# SQL-on-Everything with Apache Drill

Julien Le Dem, Principal Architect at Dremio
VP Apache Parquet
Apache Pig PMC
julien@dremio.com | @J\_
Big Data Apps meetup
January 27, 2016



## From Proprietary to Open Source...

Apache Drill Apache Hive

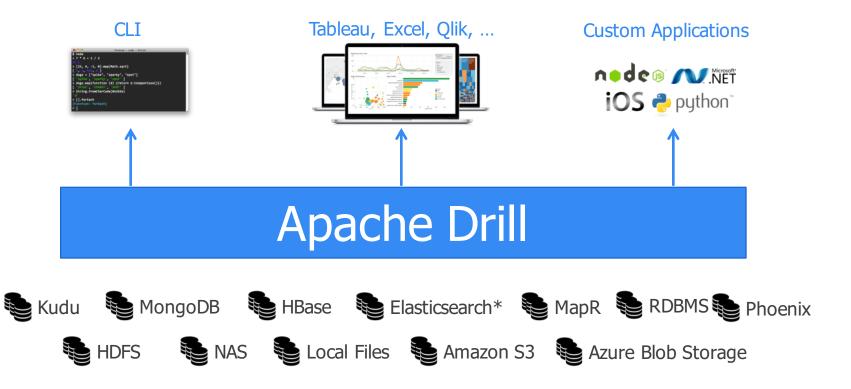
Teradata Oracle SQL Server

. . .

Open source technologies are emerging as the preferred approach for large-scale SQLbased analytics



## Apache Drill: Open Source Schema-Free SQL Engine



<sup>\*</sup> Currently being developed



## **Apache Drill**: Open Source Schema-Free SQL Engine



#### Open Source Apache Project

- Contributors from many companies including Dremio, MapR and Hortonworks
- •3-year engineering effort, 200K+ lines of code



#### Extreme Scale & Performance

- •Scales from one laptop to 1000s of servers
- High performance via columnar execution & dynamic query compilation



#### Innovative Schema-free Engine

- Point-and-query vs. schema-first
- No data loading, schemas or ETL
- Handles complex (eg, JSON) data natively

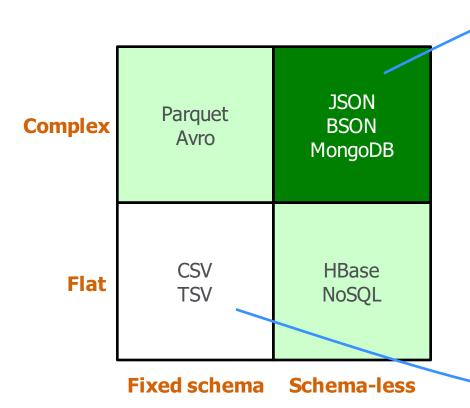


#### Extensible Architecture

- Pluggable high-speed datastore connectors (eg, MongoDB, Amazon S3)
- Custom operators and UDFs



## JSON Model, Columnar Speed



#### Apache Drill table

```
name: {
  first: Michael,
  last: Smith
hobbies: [ski, soccer],
district: Los Altos
name: {
  first: Jennifer,
  last: Gates
hobbies: [sing],
preschool: CCLC
```

#### RDBMS/SQL-on-Hadoop table

	Name	Gender	Age	
	Michael	М	6	
	Jennifer	F	3	
7				



## Drill Supports Schema Discovery On-The-Fly

#### Schema Declared In Advance

- Fixed schema
- Leverage schema in centralized repository (Hive Metastore)

#### Schema Discovered On-The-Fly

- Fixed schema, evolving schema or schema-free
- Leverage schema in centralized repository or self-describing data



SCHEMA BEFORE READ SCHEMA ON THE FLY









## Apache Drill is Not Just SQL-on-Hadoop

	Drill	SQL-on-Hadoop (Hive, Impala, etc.)
Use case	Self-service, in-situ, SQL-based analytics	Teradata offload
Deployment model	Standalone or co-located with NoSQL/Hadoop	Hadoop service
User experience	Point-and-query	Ingest data → define schemas → query
Data model	Schema-free JSON (like MongoDB)	Relational (like Postgres)
Data sources	NoSQL, Cloud Storage, Hadoop, SaaS, local files (including multiple instances)	A single Hadoop cluster
Data management	Logical, by IT or end-users (self-service)	Physical, by IT only
1.0 availability	Q2 2015	Q2 2013 or earlier



## Omni-SQL ("SQL-on-Everything")



## Drill: Omni-SQL

Whereas the other engines we're discussing here create a relational database environment on top of Hadoop, Drill instead enables a SQL language interface to data in numerous formats, without requiring a formal schema to be declared. This enables plug-and-play discovery over a huge universe of data without prerequisites and preparation. So while Drill uses SQL, and can connect to Hadoop, calling it SQL-on-Hadoop kind of misses the point. A better name might be SQL-on-Everything, with very low setup requirements.





# **ARCHITECTURE**



## Everything Starts With a Drillbit...

- High performance query executor
- In-memory columnar execution
- Directly interacts with data, acquiring knowledge as it reads
- Built to leverage large amounts of memory
- Networked or not
- Exposes ODBC, JDBC, REST
- Built-in Web UI and CLI
- Extensible

#### drillbit

Single process (daemon or CLI)



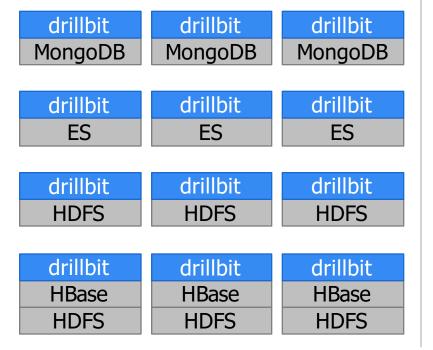
## Data Lake, More Like Data Maelstrom

**Cloud Services Clustered Services Desktops** MongoDB Cluster MongoDB MongoDB MongoDB Elasticsearch Cluster Windows ES ES ES Amazon S3 Hadoop Cluster **HDFS HDFS HDFS** Mac **HBase Cluster HBase HBase HBase** DynamoDB **HDFS HDFS HDFS** Linux

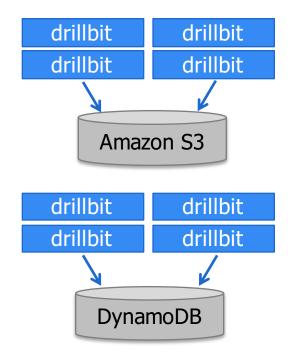


## Run Drillbits Wherever; Whatever Your Data

#### **Clustered Services**



## **Cloud Services**



### <u>Desktops</u>

drillbit Windows

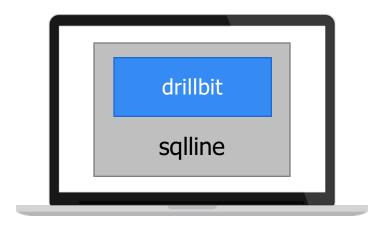
drillbit Mac

drillbit Linux

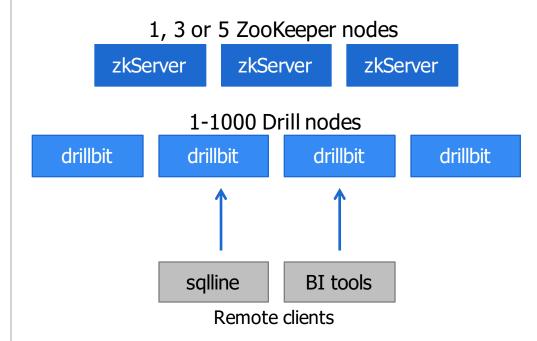


## Deployment Modes

#### Embedded Mode

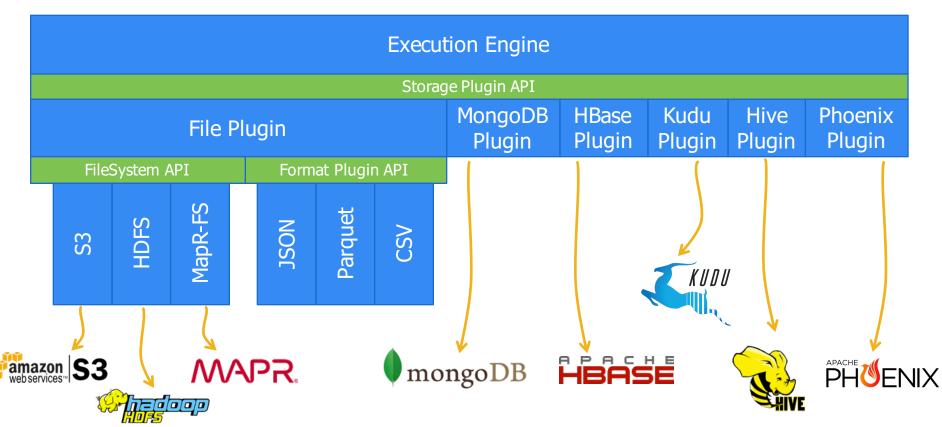


## <u>Distributed Mode (aka Drill Cluster)</u>





## Extensible Datastore Architecture





## **GETTING STARTED**



#### **Install Drill**

From the browser: <a href="http://drill.apache.org/download">http://drill.apache.org/download</a>



#### From the command line:

```
$ curl -L http://www.dremio.com/drill-latest.tgz | tar xz
```

(Also make sure you have Java 1.7+ installed...)



## Install a Local MongoDB Instance

Install and run MongoDB: <a href="http://docs.mongodb.org/manual/installation/">http://docs.mongodb.org/manual/installation/</a>

Import the dataset of Yelp businesses:

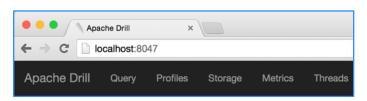
```
$ mongoimport --db yelp --collection business --drop -file
yelp/business.json
$ mongo
> use yelp;
> db.business.findOne().pretty();
{
    "_id" : ObjectId("55921ddfc6c0a4a2d8ef700c"),
    ...
}
```

## Test Your Drill Setup

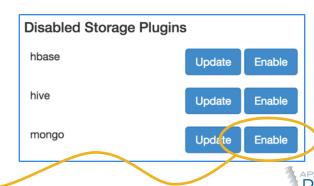
Start Drill shell with an embedded drillbit daemon:

\$ apache-drill-x.y.z/bin/drill-embedded
(If you are using the tutorial EC2 instance, type drill instead of .../drill-embedded)

Access the Drill web UI at localhost:8047:



Enable the MongoDB plugin by clicking Enable in the Storage tab:



## Run Your First Query

```
> SELECT name FROM mongo.yelp.business LIMIT 1;
         name
  Eric Goldberg, MD
> SELECT name FROM dfs.root.\'opt/tutorial/yelp/business.json\'
LIMIT 1;
         name
  Eric Goldberg, MD
```



## Referencing a Table





## Namespaces & Tables

Storage Plugin Type	Workspace	Table
mongo	Database	Collection
hive	Database	Table
hbase	Namespace	Table
file (HDFS cluster, S3,)	Directory	File or directory

User defines these in the datastore configuration



## Joining Across Datastores is Easy!

Alias to a specific file system (S3, HDFS, local, NAS)

Alias to a specific MongoDB cluster



## Joining Across Datastores

#### Data

- Local file: yelp/review.json (dfs.yelp.`review.json`)
- MongoDB collection: yelp.business (mongo.yelp.business)

#### Question

 What's the name of the business with the most reviews on Yelp?



```
> SELECT b.name AS name, COUNT(*) AS reviews
 FROM dfs.tutorial. \( \) yelp/review.json \( \) r,
       mongo.yelp.business b
 WHERE r.business id = b.business id
 GROUP BY b.business id, b.name
  ORDER BY reviews DESC
  LIMIT 3;
                      reviews
        name
 Mon Ami Gabi
                    3695
  Earl of Sandwich | 3263
 Wicked Spoon
                    / 3011
```



## **Accessing Array Elements**

```
> SELECT categories FROM business LIMIT 2;
                 categories
  ["American (Traditional)", "Restaurants"]
  ["Chinese", "Restaurants"]
> SELECT categories[0] FROM business LIMIT 2;
          EXPR$0
  American (Traditional)
  Chinese
```



## Accessing Data in Maps

- Use the dot (.) notation to access nested fields
- Must specify the table name/alias when accessing nested fields
  - .<field>.<nested field 1>.<nested field 2>
  - When Drill sees one or more dots, it assumes the first is a table name/alias

```
> SELECT attributes FROM business;
> SELECT business.attributes FROM business;
> SELECT b.attributes FROM business b;

> SELECT attributes.Parking FROM business;
Error: PARSE ERROR: Table 'attributes' not found
> SELECT business.attributes.Parking FROM business;
> SELECT b.attributes.Parking FROM business b;
```



#### **FLATTEN**

- FLATTEN converts single record with array field into multiple records
  - One output record for each array element
- Non FLATTENed fields are repeated in each of the output records



## Non-FLATTENED Fields are Repeated

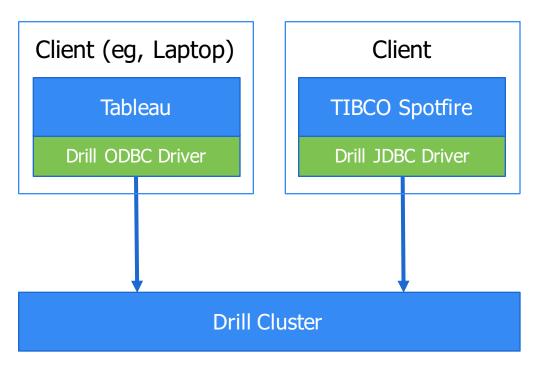
```
> SELECT name, categories FROM business LIMIT 2;
                                              categories
             name
 Deforest Family Restaurant
                               ["American (Traditional)", "Restaurants"]
 Chang Jiang Chinese Kitchen
                                ["Chinese", "Restaurants"]
> SELECT name, FLATTEN(categories) FROM business LIMIT 4;
                                       EXPR$1
             name
 Deforest Family Restaurant
                               American (Traditional)
                                Restaurants
 Deforest Family Restaurant
 Chang Jiang Chinese Kitchen
                               Chinese
 Chang Jiang Chinese Kitchen
                               Restaurants
```



# BI



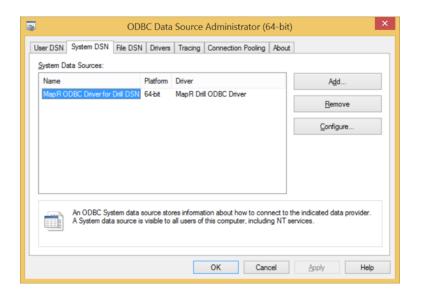
#### ODBC and JDBC



- Drill includes standard ODBC/JDBC drivers
  - ODBC for native apps
  - JDBC for Java apps
- User installs the driver on the client
  - The same machine as the BI tool
- Driver communicates with Drill cluster(s)
- Make sure driver and cluster are compatible versions



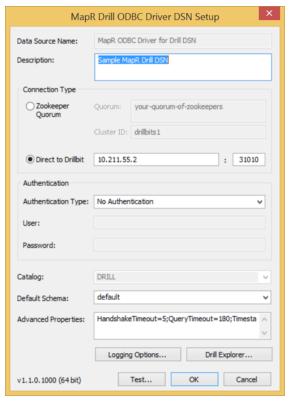
#### Install the ODBC Driver



- Download & install the Drill ODBC driver from the Drill website (drill.apache.org)
- If you will use Tableau, install Tableau before the ODBC driver or get the TDC file separately
- Open the system's ODBC Data Source Administrator



## Configure the ODBC Driver

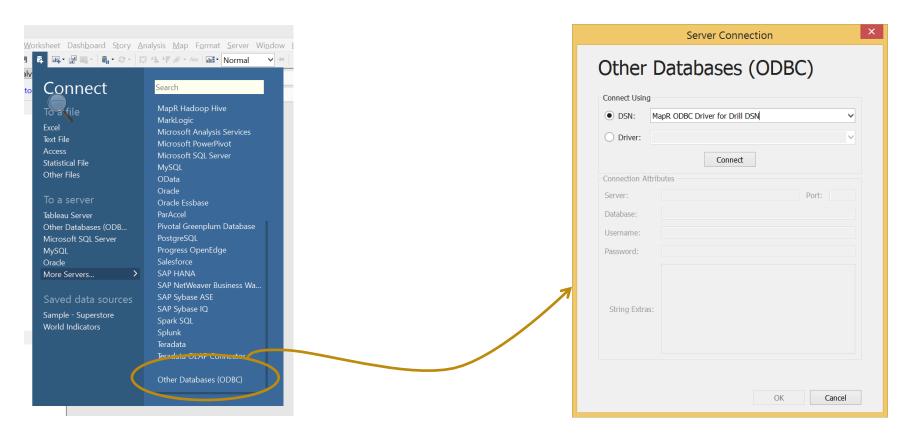


- Two connection options:
  - Connect to a specific node (drillbit) in the Drill cluster
  - Connect to any node (drillbit) in the Drill cluster
- Click "Test..." to make sure the ODBC driver can connect to Drill





#### Connect with Tableau



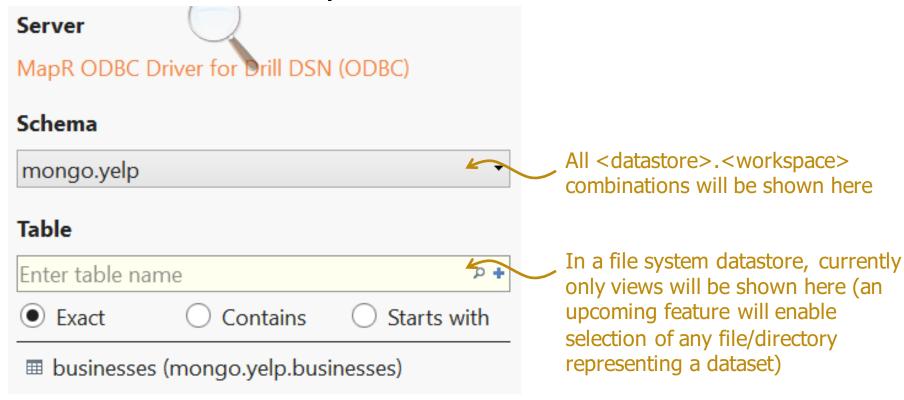


## Choose ODBC DSN

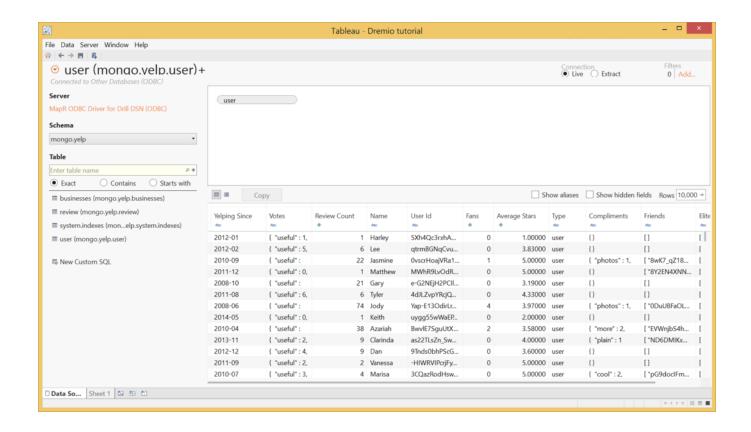




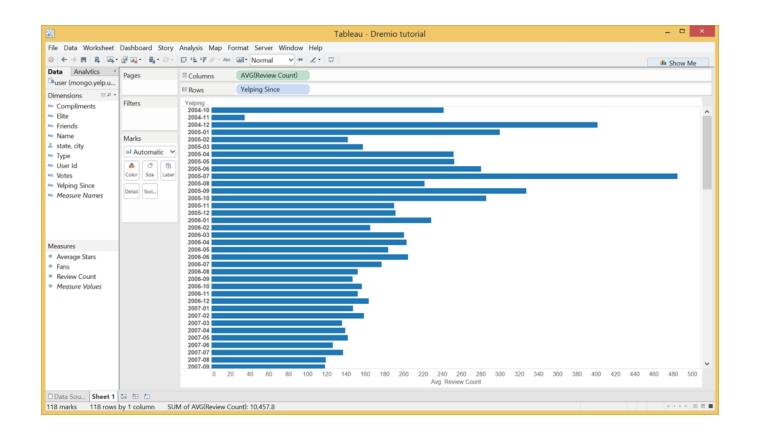
## Choose Drill Workspace & Table













# REST



## Using the REST API

# Client application sends a properly structured HTTP request to any drillbit in the cluster

Part	Required Content
Method	POST
Headers	Content-Type: application/json
Payload	JSON

```
curl \
   --header "Content-Type: application/json" \
   --request POST \
   --data '{"queryType": "SQL", "query": "SELECT * FROM ..."}' \
   http://localhost:8047/query.json
```

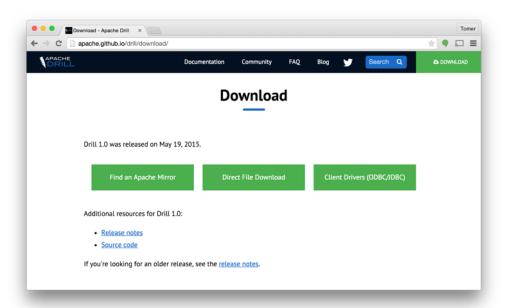


## Run a Query via REST

```
$ curl --header "Content-Type: application/json" \
       --request POST \
       --data '{"queryType": "SQL", "query": "SELECT name FROM
dfs.tutorial.`yelp/business.json` LIMIT 3"}' \
      http://localhost:8047/query.json | python -m json.tool
  "columns": ["name"],
  "rows": [
    {"name": "Eric Goldberg, MD" },
    {"name": "Pine Cone Restaurant"},
    {"name": "Deforest Family Restaurant"}
```



#### Thank You!



- Download at <u>drill.apache.org</u>
- Ask questions:
  - <u>user@drill.apache.org</u>
- Tweet
  - @ApacheDrill

